

Genus

	Optimal Planting Time		Retail Sales Window			Moisture in Production			Requires Shade in Production	Vernalization Required for Bloom	Vernalization Beneficial
	Late Summer-Fall	Spring	Spring	Summer	Fall	Low	Average	Consistent			
Penstemon											
Perovskia											
Persicaria											
Phlox hybrids											
Phlox <i>divaricata</i>											
Phlox <i>paniculata</i>											
Phlox <i>x procumbens</i>											
Physostegia											
Polemonium											
Pulmonaria											
<i>Pycnanthemum muticum</i> , <i>P. tenuifolium</i>											
Rudbeckia											
<i>Salvia koyamae</i>											
Salvia											
Sanguisorba											
Scutellaria											
Sedum											
Sisyrinchium											
Solidago											
Stachys											
<i>Stachys byzantina</i>											
Tanacetum											
Thymus											
Tiarella											
Tradescantia											
Tricyrtis											
<i>Verbena bonariensis</i>											
<i>Verbena hastata</i>											
Vernonia											
Veronica (groundcover types)											
Veronica (upright types)											
Veronicastrum											
Zizia											

*Many perennials, including spring bloomers, perform better when planted in late summer/fall prior to allow time for bulking and root development, but may be grown in spring as well.

*All plants require consistent moisture until they begin to root into the container. Moisture in production relates to what the plants typically need after rooting is sufficient.