

Culture Guide

Genus

	Optimal Planting Time		Retail Sales Window			Moisture in Production			Requires Shade in Production	Vernalization Required for Bloom	Vernalization Beneficial
	Late Summer-Fall	Spring	Spring	Summer	Fall	Low	Average	Consistent			
Achillea											
Acanthus											
Agastache											
Ajuga											
Alchemilla											
Allium											
Amsonia											
Anemone (Japanese)											
Anemone <i>sylvestris</i>											
Antirrhinum											
Aralia											
Asarum											
Asclepias											
Aster											
Bergenia											
Brunnera											
Calamintha											
Callirhoe											
Campanula											
Caryopteris											
Centranthus											
Ceratostigma											
Chelone											
Coreopsis											
<i>Dianthus carthusianorum</i>											
<i>Dianthus gratianopolitanus</i>											
<i>Dianthus barbatus</i>											
Echinacea											
<i>Eryngium yuccifolium</i>											
Eupatorium											
Galium											
Gaura											
Gentiana											
Geranium											

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Grass-Calamagrostis											
Grass-Carex <i>brevior</i> , <i>C. flacca</i> , <i>C. rosea</i> , and <i>C. pennsylvanica</i>											
Grass-Carex <i>morrowii</i>											
Grass-Chasmanthium											
Grass-Hakonechloa											
Grass-Panicum											
Grass-Pennisetum											
Grass-Schizachyrium											
Grass-Sesleria											
Grass-Sporobolus											
Helenium											
Heliopsis											
Heuchera											
Heucherella											
Hydrangea <i>arborescens</i>											
Hypericum											
Iris <i>cristata</i>											
Kalimeris											
Knautia											
Lamium											
Lavandula											
Leontopodium											
Lespedeza											
Leucanthemum											
Liatris <i>ligulistylis</i> , <i>L. microcephala</i>											
Liatris <i>pycnostachya</i>											
Limonium											
Monarda											
Nepeta											
Origanum											
Penstemon											
Perovskia											
Persicaria											
Phlox hybrids											

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<i>Phlox divaricata</i>											
<i>Phlox paniculata</i>											
<i>Phlox x procumbens</i>											
<i>Physostegia</i>											
<i>Polemonium</i>											
<i>Rudbeckia</i>											
<i>Salvia greggii</i>											
<i>Salvia nemorosa</i>											
<i>Scutellaria</i>											
<i>Sedum</i>											
<i>Senecio</i>											
<i>Sisyrinchium</i>											
<i>Solidago</i>											
<i>Stachys</i>											
<i>Stachys byzantina</i>											
<i>Tanacetum</i>											
<i>Thymus</i>											
<i>Tiarella</i>											
<i>Tradescantia</i>											
<i>Tricyrtis</i>											
<i>Verbena</i>											
<i>Vernonia</i>											
<i>Veronica</i> (groundcover types)											
<i>Veronica</i> (upright types)											
<i>Veronicastrum</i>											

*Many perennials, including spring bloomers, perform better when planted in late summer/fall prior to allow time for bulking and root development, but may be grown in spring as well.

*All plants require consistent moisture until they begin to root into the container. Moisture in production relates to what the plants typically need after rooting is sufficient.